

Delivering Babies

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Usually this is tough to mess up: **call OB, guide the head out, don't drop the baby, suction mouth, cut cord after a few minutes.**

Approach to 4 challenging delivery scenarios

- 1) **Nuchal Cord** – common, if recognized usually no big deal. Don't rip cord and get it around the neck. In the worst case scenario cut the cord.
- 2) **Prolapsed cord** – this is badness/not good.
 - Identified on vaginal exam as pulsing cord instead of head OR cord is visible externally
 - You need to elevate the presenting part, hold it there, call for help, and get mom to C-section (you're going too)
- 3) **Malpresentation** (ex: breech) – you need OB to deliver appropriate care here.
 - Babies heads usually stretch cervix, vagina, and external structures
 - If head isn't first, then baby can get caught at the neck
 - Technically, reach in and flex down the neck – OB should REALLY be here for this.
- 4) **Shoulder Dystocia** – true emergency, baby can't go in or out. Happens when baby's anterior shoulder gets stuck at pubic symphysis. Use HELPERR mnemonic
 - Help (call OB) – document the time
 - Episiotomy should be considered to create more space
 - Lift legs (McRoberts maneuver) -> knees to chest and rotated out (use two people)
 - Pressure on pubic symphysis continuously
 - Enter vaginal posteriorly and use posterior shoulder to roll baby obliquely
 - Remove posterior arm to allow more space
 - Roll patient (last resort) to hands and knees (Gaskin maneuver)